Business Programming (using Python)

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Main topics

- Data Structures
 - Strings & Regular Expressions (II)
 - Exercises

Data Structures - Strings & Regular Expressions (II)

Business context question

- Suppose you have a database of fictional animal names, and you want to ensure that each entry starts with a name of at least three characters, followed by an optional single character and space (representing a title or honorific), and then ends with a name of at least three characters.
- Sample Entries:
 - Cat A Dog
 - Elephant B Mouse
 - Tiger Cheetah
 - Ko Lion
 - Ant Eater

Why the Regular Expression (Regex)?

The regular expression (Regex) is

- a sequence of characters defining a search pattern.
- crucial for precise string matching and data validation.
- Question:
 - Determine the validity of given animal names based on specific criteria.

Step-by-step explanation: step 1

- Each entry starts with a name of at least three characters
 - The caret symbol ^ is used to check if a string **starts with** a certain character.
 - \w matches any alphanumeric character (digits and alphabets). Equivalent to [a-zA-z0-9_]. By the way, underscore _ is also considered an alphanumeric character.
 - \w{3,} matches any word character (letters and numbers) 3 or more times.
 - It ensures the first name has at least three characters.
 - So, "Ko" in "Ko Lion" would not match because "Ko" has only two characters.

Code

^\w{3,}

Step 2

- \s Matches where a string contains any whitespace character.
 - In our example, there is a space between the first name and the second name or title.

Code

^\w{3,}\s

Step 3:followed by an optional single character and space

• (\w\s)?: matches a single word character followed by a whitespace character, but this entire group is optional because of the? at the end.

-In our toy example, it checks for titles or honorifics like "A" in "Cat A Dog" but does not mandate it

Code

^\w{3,}\s(\w\s)?

Step 4: ends with a name of at least three characters

- \w{3,}: matches any word character 3 or more times.
 - In our example, it ensures the second name (or the only name if there's no title)
 has at least three characters.

Code

^\w{3,}\s(\w\s)?\w{3,}

Python script

- Let's write a Python script that tests the given animal names against the specified regular expression to determine if they match the desired pattern.
 - Run this script, and it will print out whether each animal name in the list matches the regular expression pattern or not.

```
import re
# List of sample entries
animal names = [
    "Cat A Dog".
    "Elephant B Mouse",
    "Tiger Cheetah",
    "Ko Lion".
    "Ant Eater"
# Regular expression pattern
pattern = '^\w{3,}\s(\w\s)?\w{3,}'
# Iterate over the animal names and test against the pattern
for name in animal names:
   if re.match(pattern, name):
        print(f"'{name}' matches the pattern!")
    else:
        print(f"'{name}' does NOT match the pattern!")
```

Output

```
'Cat A Dog' matches the pattern!
'Elephant B Mouse' matches the pattern!
'Tiger Cheetah' matches the pattern!
'Ko Lion' does NOT match the pattern!
'Ant Eater' matches the pattern!
```

Results for our example

- Suppose you have a database of fictional animal names, and you want to ensure that each entry starts with a name of at least three characters, followed by an optional single character and space (representing a title or honorific), and then ends with a name of at least three characters.
- Sample Entries:
 - **Cat A Dog** matches the pattern. Starts with a word of three characters, followed by a title and another word with three characters.
 - **Elephant B Mouse** matches the pattern.
 - Tiger Cheetah matches the pattern. Starts and ends with a word of three or more characters.
 - **Ko Lion** doesn't match because the first word "Ko" is less than three characters.
 - **Ant Eater** matches the pattern.

Cheat sheet for metaCharacters

	Regular Expression Basics
	Any character except newline
а	The character a
ab	The string ab
alb	a or b
a*	0 or more a's
١	Escapes a special character

Re	egular Expression Quantifiers
*	0 or more
+	1 or more
?	0 or 1
{2}	Exactly 2
{2, 5}	Between 2 and 5
{2,}	2 or more
Default is greedy. Append ? for reluctant.	

Regular Expression Groups	
()	Capturing group
(?:)	Non-capturing group
۱Y	Match the Y'th captured group

Regul	ar Expression Character Classes
[ab-d]	One character of: a, b, c, d
[^ab-d]	One character except: a, b, c, d
[/b]	Backspace character
\d	One digit
\D	One non-digit
\s	One whitespace
\S	One non-whitespace
\w	One word character
\W	One non-word character

Re	gular Expression Assertions
٨	Start of string
\$	End of string
\b	Word boundary
\B	Non-word boundary
(?=)	Positive lookahead
(?!)	Negative lookahead

Regular Expression Flags	
g	Global Match
i	Ignore case
m	^ and \$ match start and end of line

Regular Expression Special Characters	
\n	Newline
\r	Carriage return
\t	Tab
\0	Null character
\YYY	Octal character YYY
\xYY	Hexadecimal character YY
\uYYYY	Hexadecimal character YYYY
\cY	Control character Y

	Regular Expression Replacement
\$\$	Inserts \$
\$&	Insert entire match
\$`	Insert preceding string
\$'	Insert following string
\$Y	Insert Y'th captured group

Exercises

- Please click on the link provided below.
 - In-Class Exercise